

CEO Action for Racial Equity Letter Supporting OH Pretrial Bill

May 20, 2022

The Honorable Robert R. Cupp, Speaker of the House

The Honorable Timothy E. Ginter, Speaker Pro Tempore

The Honorable Bill Seitz, Majority Floor Leader

The Honorable Don Jones, Majority Whip

The Honorable Cindy Abrams, Assistant Majority Whip

The Honorable C. Allison Russo, Minority Leader

The Honorable Thomas West, Assistant Minority Leader

The Honorable Jessica E. Miranda, Minority Whip

The Honorable Richard D. Brown, Assistant Minority Whip

The Honorable Jeff LaRe, Chair Criminal Justice Committee

The Honorable Andrea White, Vice Chair, Criminal Justice Committee

The Honorable David Leland, Ranking Member, Criminal Justice Committee

The Honorable Willis E. Blackshear, Jr., Member, Criminal Justice Committee

The Honorable Sedrick Denson Member, Criminal Justice Committee

The Honorable Tavia Galonski, Member, Criminal Justice Committee

The Honorable Adam C. Miller, Member, Criminal Justice Committee

The Honorable Phil Plummer, Member, Criminal Justice Committee

The Honorable Sharon A. Ray, Member, Criminal Justice Committee

The Honorable Jean Schmidt, Member, Criminal Justice Committee

The Honorable D.J. Swearingen, Member, Criminal Justice Committee

Dear members of the Ohio House of Representatives:

CEO Action for Racial Equity is a Fellowship of over 100 signatory organizations from across America, many of whom have significant presence in Ohio. Ranging from manufacturers to accountants, retailers and other suppliers, we mobilize business leaders with diverse expertise to advance public policy.

One of our key priorities is decriminalizing poverty. Simply, this means confronting the aspects of our justice system that hurt low-income and working-class communities because they lack the means to afford judicial costs. We support the passage of House Bill 315, Make Bail Changes, which aims to improve the lives of many Ohioans, strengthen our workforce, bring equity and fairness to our justice system, and save millions of taxpayer dollars currently spent on detaining people who are not a risk to public safety.

Just a few days in jail, particularly because of poverty, often has severe consequences on an individual's life including job loss, family disruption, and physical and mental trauma. At the House Criminal Justice committee hearing on May 19, 2022, other advocates provided evidence-based testimony on the impact of current pretrial policies and practices on individuals, their families, and communities. The purpose of this letter is to provide additional information on the adverse impact to businesses when individuals who do not belong in jail are held pretrial.



First, Ohio is suffering from a labor shortage and current policies on pretrial detention exacerbate this shortage by preventing thousands of Ohioans from fully participating in the economy. Specifically, they:

- **Keep Ohioans in jail before their trial unnecessarily** On any given day in Ohio, approximately 12,600 individuals who are presumed innocent are sitting in jail pretrial. Many of these people pose no public safety risk and are in jail simply because they cannot afford their bail. While sitting in jail, they cannot work and provide for their families.
- Harm people with limited means including many workers Ohio's pretrial policies impact people from all walks of life in every corner of the state. We know from the widely-reported Federal Reserve study that 4 in 10 Americans would not be able to cover a \$400 emergency expense.² This includes many hard-working employees holding essential jobs such as cashiers, nursing assistants, office clerks, servers, laborers and security guards who are trying to do right by their families.
- Disrupt business operations Employees sitting in jail unnecessarily as they await
 trial negatively impacts business operations, including no-call, no-shows that lead to
 higher terminations and increased turnover and recruiting costs. Employees with a
 son, daughter, or other family member who is unnecessarily incarcerated also
 experience significant stress, negatively impacting their productivity and
 performance. This can make it harder for employers to provide quality goods and
 services.

Second, in this era of global competition, Ohio businesses have been working hard to foster and leverage diversity to help drive innovation and business success.

Current pretrial policies have a disproportionate impact on people of color. For example, given disparities in income, a disproportionately higher number of Black households may not be able to afford any amount of bail. Specifically, 61% of Black households earn less than the basic cost of living compared to 34% of White households. Furthermore, Black Americans comprise 13% of Ohio's population⁴ but represent 34% of the state's daily jail population. These policies make it difficult for many people of color to reach their full potential, thereby reducing the diversity of the overall labor pool and making it harder for businesses to hire and retain the diverse and skilled workforce needed to remain competitive.

Finally, unnecessary pretrial incarceration uses a significant amount of taxpayer dollars that could be better spent driving economic growth and development through productive investment and/or lower taxes. Passing "Make Bail Changes" could save Ohio taxpayers an estimated \$199-\$264 million annually by reducing the pretrial jail population.⁶

Ohio businesses are looking for ways to create more opportunities for all citizens to fully participate in the economy. The Fresh Start Act, which this legislature passed last year, helped by creating a path to professional licenses for those with convictions, which provides more opportunities for businesses to engage in fair chance hiring.



Passing "Make Bail Changes" will improve the lives of thousands by bringing equity and fairness to our justice system, and can help businesses maintain and build inclusive and sustainable workforces, driving economic growth and development in Ohio. CEO Action for Racial Equity applauds the leadership of Representatives Leland and Hillyer in introducing House Bill 315.

We encourage you to pass House Bill 315 and thank you for your leadership in advancing this legislation.

Sincerely, CEO Action for Racial Equity

CC: The Honorable Brett Hillyer

Citations

¹ United States Department of Justice. Office of Justice Programs. Bureau of Justice Statistics. Annual Survey of Jails, 2018. Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2020-04-23. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR37392.v1 The data set includes the number of individuals incarcerated by race and by conviction status at mid-year. The percentage is based on the methodology provided by the DOJ in the data documentation to aggregate jail statistics at the jurisdiction level and summed over jurisdictions to form statelevel estimates.

- ² Report on the Economic Well-Being of U.S. Households in 2020 May 2021 (Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, May 19, 2021), https://www.federalreserve.gov/publications/2021-economic-well-being-of-us-households-in-2020-dealing-with-unexpected-expenses.htm.
- ³ United Way of Northern New Jersey, ALICE Ohio, 7, Used with permission of United Way of Northern New

Jersey. https://www.unitedforalice.org/Attachments/AllReports/2020ALICEReport_OH_FINAL.pdf

- ⁴ U.S. Census Bureau, "Quickfacts: Ohio," accessed February 23, 2022, https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/dashboard/OH/PST045221.
- ⁵ The Black jail population of 34% is calculated using the raw data from United States Department of Justice. Office of Justice Programs. Bureau of Justice Statistics. Annual Survey of Jails, 2018. Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2020-04-23. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR37392.vl.



⁶ ACLU of Ohio, "Ohio Could Save Big by Implementing Bail Reform: A Fiscal Impact Study," 2, Sept

2020, https://www.acluohio.org/sites/default/files/ACLUofOhio_OhioCouldSaveBigByImplementingBailReform-AFiscalImpactAnalysis_2020-0913.pdf.

GENERAL DISCLAIMER

CEO Action for Racial Equity officially ceased operations as of September 30, 2024. The resources available on this website are intended as general guidance only and given the passage of time and the changing nature of laws, rules and regulations, and the inherent hazards of electronic communication, there may be delays, omissions or inaccuracies in information contained therein. Each resource was created as of the date of its publication and has not and is not being maintained or updated since that time. No additional materials will be uploaded. Furthermore, the resources are provided with the understanding that the authors and providers are not herein engaged in rendering legal, accounting, tax, or other professional advice or services. As such, it should not be used as a substitute for consultation with professional accounting, tax, legal or other competent advisers. Before making any decision or taking any action, you should consult an appropriate professional.

NO WARRANTY

The resources are provided "as is" with all faults. PwC US Group LLP (and its affiliates, together "PwC") and CEO Action for Racial Equity and signatory organizations make no warranty whatsoever, express or implied, with respect to the resources, including any warranty of condition, quality or suitability, warranty of merchantability, warranty of fitness for a particular purpose, warranty of title, or warranty against infringement of intellectual property rights of a third party, whether express or implied by law, course of dealing, course of performance, usage or trade or otherwise.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

To the full extent permissible by law, User hereby expressly releases, waives, and forever discharges PwC and CEO Action for Racial Equity and signatory organizations and their present and former, direct and indirect, parents, subsidiaries, affiliates, employees, officers, directors, partners, principals, agents, representatives, permitted successors, and permitted assigns (collectively, the "Releasees") of and from any and all claims, actions, causes of action, suits, losses, expenses, liabilities, obligations, damages, and demands, of every kind and nature whatsoever, whether now known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, matured or unmatured, suspected or unsuspected, in law, or in equity arising out of or in connection with this resource except for any claims and liabilities that cannot be released or waived under federal, state, or local law.